

APPLICATION OF THE INTRAMOLECULAR MAGNESIUM-ENE REACTION TO THE
STEREOCONTROLLED TOTAL SYNTHESIS OF (±)-12-ACETOXYISINULARENE AND
(±)-5-EPI-12-ACETOXYISINULARENE¹

Wolfgang Oppolzer*, Tadhg Begley and Alison Ashcroft

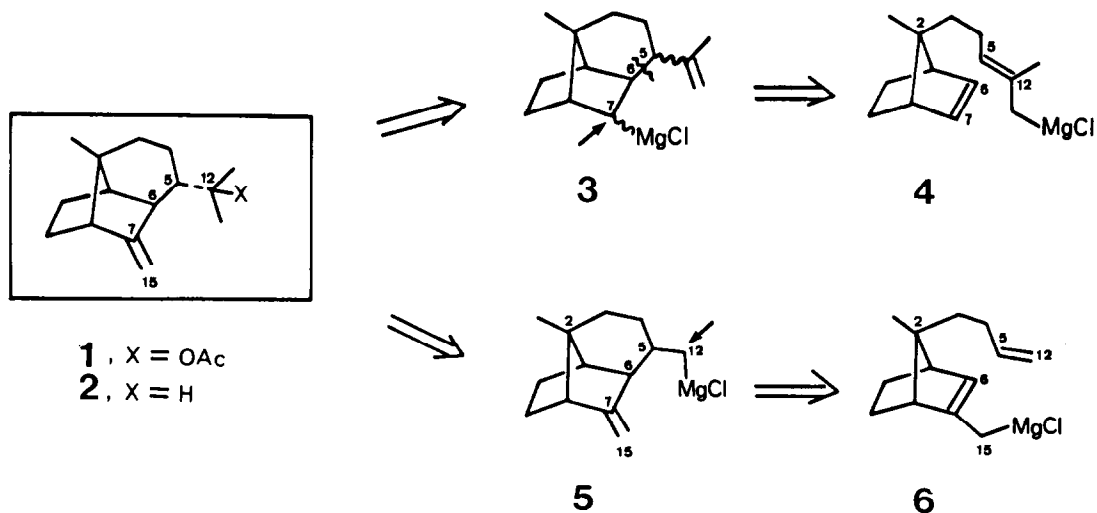
Département de Chimie Organique, Université de Genève
CH-1211 Genève, Switzerland

Abstract: The sesquiterpene (±)-12-acetoxysinularene (1) and its C(5)-epimer 13 were each synthesized stereoselectively from the norbornyl-iodoacetal 7 in 5% and 7% overall yields. The critical step 10 → 11 involves the regio- and stereo-selective "magnesium-ene" reaction 6 → 5.

The sesquiterpene 12-acetoxysinularene, isolated from *Clavularia inflata*, has been assigned structure 1 by means of chemical correlation and X-ray diffraction analysis².

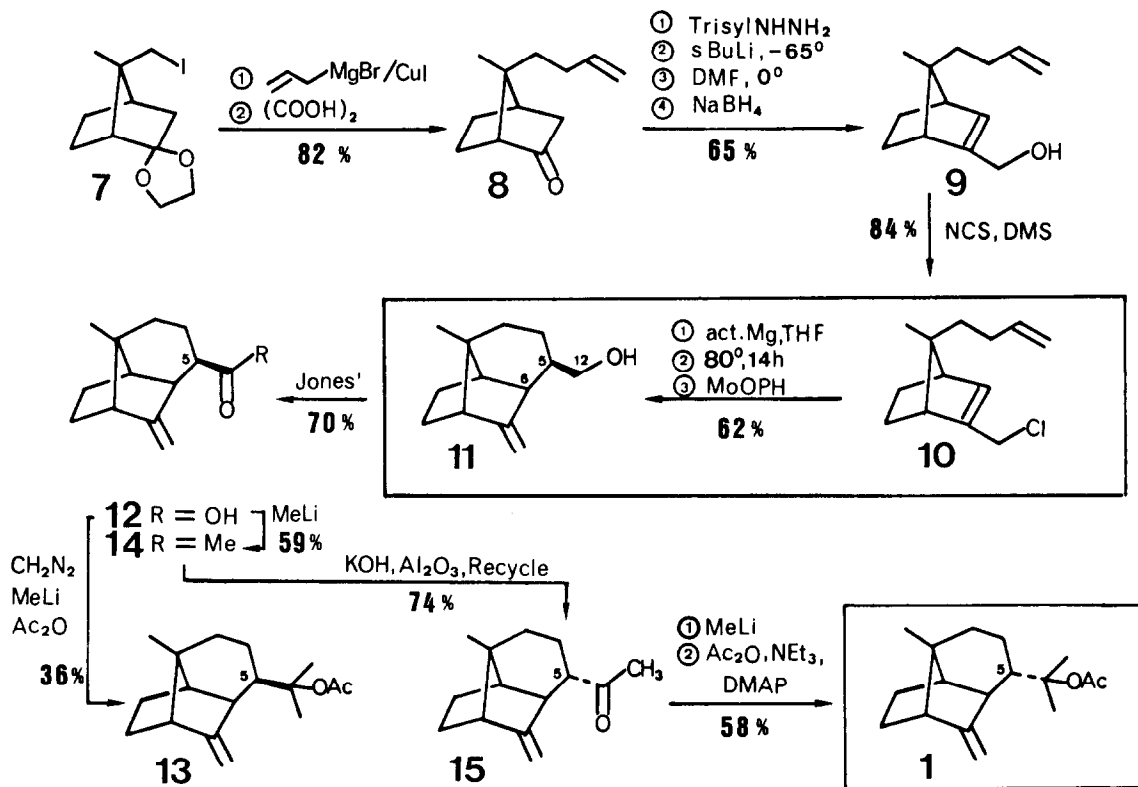
We report here the first synthesis of (±)-1. Our strategy centers on the intramolecular magnesium-ene reaction³ which has served recently as the key method to construct selectively and efficiently the terpenoids capnellene⁴, khusimone⁵ and sinularene (2)⁶.

Scheme 1



The strategy described in Scheme 1 differs from our previous approach to sinularene⁶ (4 + 3 + 2) in so far as the crucial sequence (6 → 5 + 1) features the magnesium ene unit as part of the norbornene skeleton which carries the enophilic chain at C(2). Thus, by reversing the position of the reaction partners the C(5),C(6)-bond would close with concomitant formation of both the C(7),C(15)-methylene group and the C(12)-Mg functionality.

Scheme 2



Coupling^{7,8} of the iodo-acetal 7⁸ with allylmagnesium bromide (3 eq.)/CuI (0.25 eq., Et₂O, 3 hr reflux) followed by deacetalization⁸ (aq. (COOH)₂, CH₂Cl₂, SiO₂, 14 hr, 25°) gave the ketone 8⁹ (82%). The crystalline trisylhydrazone of 8 (2,4,6-triisopropylbenzenesulfonyl hydrazide (1.1 eq.), HCl, CH₃CN, 25°, 10 hr 76%, m.p. 172-175°) was treated with *sec*-butyllithium (2.2 eq., TMEDA/hexane (1:1), -65°, 2 hr, then 0°, 30 min.) followed by trapping of the norbornenyl-lithium intermediate with DMF¹⁰ (1.5 eq., 0°, 30 min., aq. work-up). Reduction of the resulting conjugated aldehyde with NaBH₄ (1.2 eq., MeOH, 0°) gave the allylic alcohol 9⁹ (65% overall yield from 8). After conversion¹¹ of 9 to the

chloride 10⁹ (NCS (1.5 eq.), DMS (1.8 eq.), 0°, 2 hr, 84%) we proceeded to the crucial magnesium-ene reaction.

Metalation of 10 using precondensed magnesium in THF¹², heating of the 0.059 N 2-alkenylmagnesium chloride solution at 80° for 14 hr and oxidation of the cyclized Grignard product with molybdenumpentoxide/pyridine/HMPA complex¹³ (1.1 eq., -78°, 1 hr) afforded the tricyclic alcohol 11⁹ in one synthetic operation (62% from 10) as a single stereoisomer. The depicted C(5)-configuration was expected from previous experience^{4,6} and confirmed by the following transformations. Oxidation of 11 with Jones' reagent¹⁴ (15 min, 0°) furnished the carboxylic acid 12⁹ (m.p. 108-110°, 70%) which on successive esterification (CH₂N₂), addition of methyllithium (excess, ether, 25°, 18 hr) and acetylation¹⁵, ether, 0°, 24 hr) gave (±)-5-epi-12-acetoxysinularene (13^{9,16}, 36% from 12).

Consequently conversion of acid 12 to the sesquiterpene 1 required epimerization at C(5). To this end 12 was transformed into the methyl ketone 14⁹ (i) MeLi (5 eq.); THF, 0°, 3 hr; ii) TMSCl; iii) 1M HCl, 59%)¹⁷ which was adsorbed onto a layer of basic aluminium oxide (10% KOH) placed on top of a column of SiO₂. After 30 min. elution (hexane/ether 95:5) gave pure 15⁹ and the more polar 14 (1:1.3 ratio). Recycling 14 using the same procedure conveniently afforded the desired epimer 15⁹ in 74% overall yield. Addition of MeLi (5 eq., ether, reflux, 30 min., 85%) followed by acetylation¹⁵ (acetic anhydride (10 eq.), Et₃N (10 eq.), DMAP (0.1 eq.)) of the carbinol furnished (±)-12-acetoxysinularene (1,⁹ 58% from 15) identified by comparison (IR, ¹H-NMR, mass spectra) with the naturally occurring sesquiterpene (-)-1.

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